

	BARCELONA DRUPALCON 2015	
Migrating a	a running ser	vice to AWS
	Nick Veenhof	
	Ricardo Amaro	
https://events service-mo	DevOps Track drupal.org/barcelona2015/sessions/n ollom-aws-without-service-interruption	nigrating-running- Is-and-reduce

	Ghent	+8 Years in Drupal
@Nick_vh	Barcelona	Search++
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Lisbon	4 years at Acquia
	Boston	Principal Software Engineer







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Portugal	+7 years Drupal
@ricardoamaro Lisbon	90's Linux Adopter
Family	4 years at Acquia
Drupal Community	Senior Tier2 Ops Engineer

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# How we got the news...

"Operations is now responsible for Mollom servers being <u>up or down</u>, and basic services being available (such as SSH, apache, nginx, etc). If further problems persist above the services layer into the application layer, Ops is to escalate to Mollom Engineering immediately. "



Highly complex piece of engineering on top of non-cloud hosting.









### One clear guidance example..

Question: "Is disk usage above 95%?"

Answer: "Remove all files that start with the same prefix as the data file..."

rm -rf Mollom-session\_history-he-78609-\*

"... and restart Cassandra"

### /etc/init.d/cassandra restart





One row = One Component.
I need to be able to "take down"
someone and still be up and
running
Order is important. I will be a site
visitor, so I want you to start from
the front to the end.



AI

Exercise

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	Exercise	
<ul> <li>Reverse Proxy (VAI</li> <li>Web Server (WEB)</li> </ul>	RNISH)	
<ul> <li>DNS</li> <li>Load Balancer (LB)</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>Database (DB)</li> <li>Object Caching (Ca</li> </ul>	iche)	

# Ephemeralism

ENERLY E STA

The Practice of Cloud System Administration

**Eye-opener** 

Describes the optimal environment and how this relates to reality. Warning, there is no perfect.

A very digestible book for designing distributed systems. This book exposes software patterns that every cloud infrastructure engineer should know.

### THE PRACTICE OF CLOUD SYSTEM ADMINISTRATION

DESIGNING AND OPERATING LARGE DISTRIBUTED SYSTEMS

LIMONCELU - STRATA R. CHALUP - CHR

# **CAP** Theorem

### The Practice of Cloud System Administration

It is impossible for a distributed computer system to simultaneously provide all three of the following guarantees:

- Consistency (all nodes see the same data at the same time)
- Availability (a guarantee that every request receives a response about whether it succeeded or failed)
- *Partition tolerance* (the system continues to operate despite arbitrary partitioning due to network failures)

### THE PRACTICE OF CLOUD SYSTEM ADMINISTRATION

DESIGNING AND OPERATING LARGE DISTRIBUTED SYSTEMS







### Cloudformation Stackin' it up

"AWS **CloudFormation** is a service that helps you model and set up your Amazon Web Services resources so that you can spend less time managing those resources and more time focusing on your applications that run in AWS."



# Cloudformation Stackin' it up • AutoScaling Groups (ASG) Elastic Load Balancer (ELB) **API Nodes** rest.mollom.com Elastic Compute 2 (EC2) AMI (VM of Ubuntu 14.04) Java

# **Cloudformation**

'LoadBalancer": "Type": "AWS::ElasticLoadBalancing::LoadBalancer", "Properties": { "AccessLoggingPolicy": { "EmitInterval": 60, "Enabled": true, "S3BucketName": "Fn::Join": [ ".", "Ref": "AWS::Region" }, "Ref": "EnvironmentName" }, "loas" "S3BucketPrefix": " }, "HealthCheck": { "HealthyThreshold" : "4", "Interval" : "30", "Target" : "HTTP:8080/ping", "Timeout" : "5". "UnhealthyThreshold" : "2" "CrossZone" : "true", "ConnectionDrainingPolicy": { "Enabled" : "true", "Timeout" : "10" "SecurityGroups": [ { "Ref" : "ELBSecurityGroup" } ],

```
"AWSTemplateFormatVersion": "2010-09-09",
"Description": "AWS CloudFormation template for setting up Dice Proxy api.",
"Parameters": {
  "Vpc" : {
   "Type" : "String",
   "Description" : "Id of VPC"
  "AcquiaUbuntuMirrorVersion": {
   "Type": "String",
   "Description": "Version of the mirror we want to use. See
            '/ for a list of all the versions.".
   "Default": "2015-07-13"
  "Route53Domain" : {
   "Type" : "String",
   "Description" : "Domain to which we can register our domain to."
  },
  "PublicSubnets" : {
   "Type" : "CommaDelimitedList",
   "Description" : "List of VPC Subnets where the stack will be launched"
                      ■" : {
   "Type" : "String",
   "Description" : "
```

## Virtual Private Cloud (VPC) Isolation isn't bad, mkay?

Amazon VPC lets you provision a logically isolated section of the Amazon Web Services (AWS) Cloud where you can launch AWS resources in a virtual network that you define.





### Virtual Private Cloud (VPC) Isolation isn't bad, mkay?

### Isotación isn't bad, m

```
'InternetGateway" : {
    "Type" : "AWS::EC2::InternetGateway",
    "Properties" : {
    "Tags" : [
        { "Key" : "Application", "Value" : { "Ref" : "AWS::StackId" } },
        { "Key" : "Network", "Value" : "Public" }
```

```
"GatewayToInternet" : {

"Type" : "AWS::EC2::VPCGatewayAttachment",

"Properties" : {

"VpcId" : { "Ref" : "Vpc" },

"InternetGatewayId" : { "Ref" : "InternetGateway" }
```

#### ١,

```
"PublicRouteTable" : {
    "Type" : "AWS::EC2::RouteTable",
    "Properties" : {
        "VpcId" : { "Ref" : "Vpc" },
        "Tags" : [
        { "Tags" : [
        { "Key" : "Application", "Value" : { "Ref" : "AWS::StackId" } },
        { "Key" : "Network", "Value" : "Public" }
```

```
"PublicRoute" : {
    "Type" : "AWS::EC2::Route",
    "DependsOn" : "GatewayToInternet",
    "Properties" : {
    "RouteTableId" : { "Ref" : "PublicRouteTable" },
    "DestinationCidrBlock" : "0.0.0.0/0",
    "GatewayId" : { "Ref" : "InternetGateway" }
```

#### },

}.

```
"PublicSubnetRouteTableAssociation1" : {
    "Type" : "AWS::EC2::SubnetRouteTableAssociation",
    "Properties" : {
        "SubnetId" : {
        "Ref" : "PublicSubnet1" },
        "RouteTableId" : {
        "Ref" : "PublicRouteTable" }
}
```

```
"PublicSubnetRouteTableAssociation2" : {
    "Type" : "AWS::EC2::SubnetRouteTableAssociation",
    "Properties" : {
    "SubnetId" : { "Ref" : "PublicSubnet2" },
    "RouteTableId" : { "Ref" : "PublicRouteTable" }
```

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Relational Database Service
it's not a triptych
<ul> <li>Fully Managed</li> <li>H/A possible</li> </ul>
Within your VPC, non public
<ul> <li>Option to use MariaDB, Postgres, Aurora,</li> <li>Highly configurable</li> </ul>
API Nodes

# **Relational Database Service**

### It's not a triptych

"ProductionDatabase": { "Type": "AWS::RDS::DBInstance", "Condition" : "IsProduction", "Properties": { "PubliclyAccessible" : "false", "VPCSecurityGroups": [ "Ref": "DatabaseSecurityGroup" "DBSubnetGroupName": { "Ref": "dbSubnetGroup" }, "DBInstanceClass": { "Ref": "DBInstanceType" }, "DBParameterGroupName": { "Ref": "diceParams" }. "AllocatedStorage": { "Ref": "DBStorage" "Engine": "MySQL", "MasterUsername": { "Ref": "DBUsername"

#### "Type" : "AWS::CloudWatch::Alarm", "Properties" : { "ActionsEnabled" : "False", "AlarmDescription" : "Checks the RDS CPU Utilization".

'DatabaseCPUAlarmWarning'': {

"MetricAname": "CPUUtilization", "Namespace": "AWS/RDS", "Period": "900", "Statistic": "Average", "Threshold": "80"

### **DynamoDB** Datawarehousing for the masses

AWS says: "DynamoDB is a fully managed NoSQL database service that provides fast and predictable performance with seamless scalability."

We read: Cassandra without maintenance (and serious reduction in alerts)!



## **DynamoDB** Document storage for the masses

DynamoDB

 Really fast MySQ Fully Managed No TTL, so we use rotation based tables Pricy, but maintenance-free. RDS Dynamic DynamoDB Manager

### **DynamoDB** Datawarehousing for the masses

- Dynamic DynamoDB
  - <u>https://github.com/sebdah/dynamic-dynamodb</u>
- Dynamic DynamoDB Manager
  - <u>https://github.com/Mollom/dynamic-dynamodb-manager</u>



### EC2 + Load Balancing VMception

Elastic Load Balancing (Amazon ELB) automatically distributes incoming application traffic across multiple Amazon EC2 instances in the cloud.

EC2 = a VM, hosted on AWS's supervisor system.





Elastic Load Ba distributes incor Amazon EC2 in IN CASE OF

FRGF

EAK GLAS

VCY

EC2

EC2 = a VM, hc

EC2 + ELBVMception • Linux as you know it AMI-based • Can disappear or crash. Don't try to do non-stateless **API Nodes** apps. rest.mollom.com Triggers to auto-scale (read: add/remove a ec2 machine) on predefined inputs. Update scheme involves disposable EC2 instances

### EC2 + ELB Vmception

AutoscalingGroup": { "Type": "AWS::AutoScaling::AutoScalingGroup", "UpdatePolicv": { "AutoScalingRollingUpdate": { "MinInstancesInService": "1", "MaxBatchSize": "1", "PauseTime" : { "Ref" : "PauseTime" } "Properties": { "AvailabilityZones": [ "Ref" : "AvailabilityZone1" }, "Ref" : "AvailabilityZone2" }, "Ref" : "AvailabilityZone3" "VPCZoneIdentifier" : { "Ref" : "PublicSubnets" }, "MaxSize": "100", "MinSize": "2", "DesiredCapacity": { "Ref" : "DesiredApiCapacity" }, "LoadBalancerNames": [ "Ref": "LoadBalancer" "LaunchConfigurationName": { "Ref": "LaunchConfiguration" }, "Tags" : [ { "Key" : "Name", "Value" : "api-node", "PropagateAtLaunch" : "true"

"Kev" : "Environment".

"LaunchConfiguration": "Type": "AWS::AutoScaling::LaunchConfiguration", "Metadata": { "Puppet" : { "roles" : [ "dice-api-node" ] }, "AWS::CloudFormation::Init": { "config": "packages": "apt": "ntp": [], "puppet": []. "mysql-client": [], "python-dev": [], "python-support": [], "syslog-ng-core": [], "syslog-ng": [] }, "python": { "boto": ["2.38.0"], "psutil": ["3.1.1"], "awscli": ["1.8.1"] **}**, "files": { "/opt/diamond/diamond.deb": { "source": { "Fn::Join": [ .... "https://s3.amazonaws.com/", "Ref": "ResourceBucket"

DRUPA	"LoadBalancer": { "Type": "AWS::ElasticLoadBalancing::LoadBalancer", "Properties": { "AccessLoggingPolicy": { "EmitInterval": 60, "Enabled": true, "Enabled": true,
EC2 + ELB Vmception	"S3BucketName": { "Fn::Join": [".", [ { "Ref": "AWS::Region" }, { "Ref": "EnvironmentName" }, "logs"
<ul> <li>Access Logging</li> <li>Health Check</li> <li>H/A (multiple zones)</li> <li>Connection Draining</li> <li>IPTables-like functionality</li> <li>Multiple listeners (read: port forwarding)</li> <li>SSL Termination (port 443, check cert and forward to HTTP port 80, eg SSL termination at the load balancer level)</li> </ul>	<pre> }, "S3BucketPrefix": "api-proxy" }, "HealthCheck": { "HealthyThreshold" : "4", "Interval" : "30", "Target" : "HTTP:8080/ping", "Timeout" : "5", "UnhealthyThreshold" : "2" }, "CrossZone" : "true", "ConnectionDrainingPolicy": { "Enabled" : "true", "ConnectionDrainingPolicy": { "Enabled" : "true", "Timeout" : "10" }, "SecurityGroups": [ { "Ref" : "ELBSecurityGroup" } ], "Subnets": { "Ref": "PublicSubnets" }, "Listeners": [ </pre>

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EC2 + ELB
So puppet or chef right?
No puppet No Chef
Everything is fully rebuilt on launch, every update is a new machine
We do not update single packages, we remove and add machines.
Allows for returning to a point in time as the full "state" is preserved. Note: Data backups are still necessary if this is required.

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<b>Metrics</b> Ever seen a cloud with	<pre>[[[GoMemoryGcTotalPause]]] collector = gosystem metric = MemoryGcTotalPause name = go_memory_gctotalpause unit = Seconds</pre>
<ul> <li>AWS Cloudwatch</li> <li>Diamond + Custom Handlers         <ul> <li><u>https://github.com/python-diamond/Diamon</u></li> <li>StatsD / Graphite</li> <li>Creating AWS Cloudwatch alarms</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<pre>[[[GoMemoryHeap]]] collector = gosystem metric = GoMemoryHeap name = go_memory_heap unit = Bytes [[[GoMemoryBytesInStack]]] collector = gosystem metric = MemoryBytesInStack name = go_memory_bytesinstack unit = Bytes</pre>
per instance for non AWS-specific services	<pre>[[[DiskspaceBytePercentFree]]] collector = diskspace metric = cloudimg-rootfs.byte_percentfree name = disk_space_percentfree unit = Percent warning = 10 critical = 5 comparison = &lt; description = disk space percent free evaluation_periods = 1</pre>

### **Alarms** Every Pager has its duty

Nagios + Pagerduty
Integration with Cloudwatch
Ordering of alerts, to help those who are on-call to prioritize.



#### Ricardo Amaro



+nick.veenhof@gmail.com can i add a cat here?



Ricardo Amaro Marked as resolved





 Happy Devving, Happy Opsing
 Using all these techniques to "hand off" unknown to SAAS services we were able to drastically reduce the alerts in our system.

Result

- We no longer have frustration that only 10% of our time can go into development.
- Chaos Monkey is welcome, fully ephemeral.





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# **Sprint: Friday**

Sprint with the Community on Friday.

We have tasks for every skillset.

Mentors are available for new contributors.

An optional Friday morning workshop for firsttime sprinters will help you get set up.

Follow @drupalmentoring.



https://www.flickr. com/photos/amazeelabs/9965814443/in/fav es-38914559@N03/



# What Did You Think? Evaluate This Session

### barcelona2015.drupal.org/schedule

Thank you!